

Flexible Absorbent Material (FAM)

Features :

- Provide effective EMI suppression in a wide frequency range (10MHz to 18GHz)
- Ultra thin and extremely flexible, can be freely arranged in space
- Non-conductive adhesive backing (UL Recognized) available
- Effective in preventing resonance and suppressing coupling
- High surface resistance (10^6 - 10^9 ohms)
- Easy and fast to process
- Can be cut any shape easily

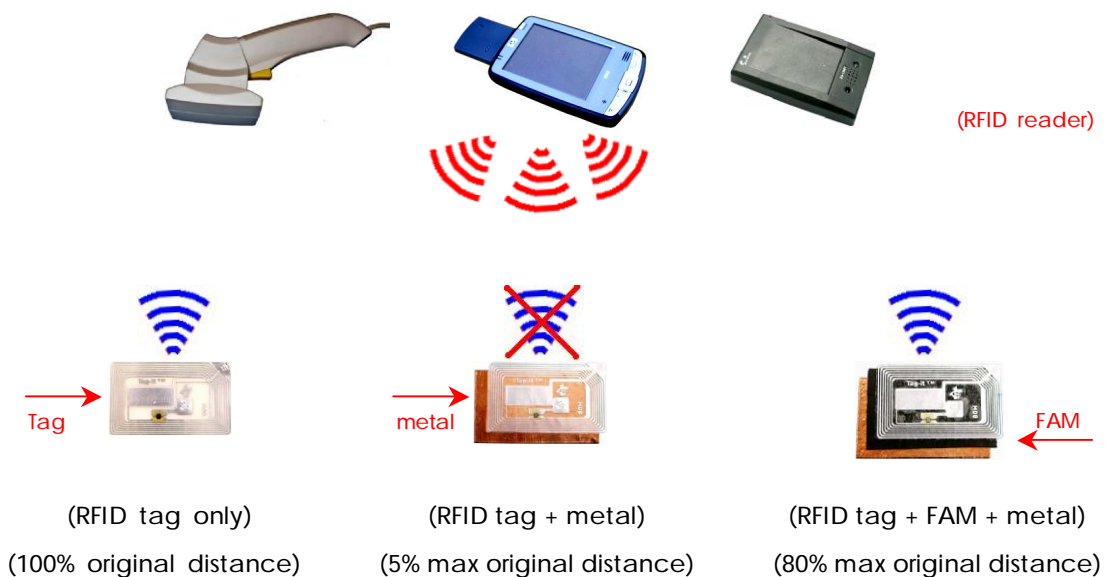


Applications :

- Notebooks, PCs, workstations
- LNBS for satellite systems
- Mobile communications equipment
- Base Stations for mobile phones and PHS
- Peripheral devices for computers
- Wireless equipment
- Mobile Phones, PHS
- High speed clocks
- RFID (Radio Frequency Identification) systems
- NFC (Near field communication)
- Wireless Charger

Application for RFID :

Besides the application of EMI, FAM can be a solution for RFID on metal also. It suitable for LF(125/134.2KHz) and HF(13.56MHz) bands. It can deal with the malfunction problems when RFID Reader/Writer or RFID tag attached on metal (recover maximum 80% efficiency of the original distance). By this way can save more space from RFID to metal.



Flexible Absorbent Material (FAM)

Material List :

Property	Unit	FAM1	FAM3	FAM5	Test Method
Operating Temperature	°C	-20 ~ +80	-20 ~ +80	-20 ~ +80	-
Applicable Frequency	GHz	0.01 - 8	0.1 - 18	0.01 - 18	-
Thickness Range	mm	0.20 - 2.50	0.25 - 0.75	0.05 - 0.50	-
Max. Dimension	mm	400 x 400	400 x 400	210 x 297 (A4)	-
Surface Resistance	ohm	10 ⁶	10 ⁹	10 ⁸	ASTM D257
Hardness	Shore A	90	95	50	ASTM D2240
Specific Gravity	g/cm ³	3.6	4.8	2.7	ASTM D792
Elongation	%	10.4	51	2.5	ASTM D412
Tensile Strength	Kgf/cm ²	25	101	30	ASTM D412
Thermal Conductivity	W/m-k	1.2	1.3	0.5	ASTM D5470
RoHS Compliance 2002/95/EC	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	-
Halogen-Free	-	No	No	Yes	-
Flame Retardant	-	UL94V-0	-	Equivalent to UL94V-0	-

Item	0.9 GHz	1.8 GHz	2.4 GHz	Application Examples	
FAM1	0.20mm	-0.22dB (4.9%)	-0.35dB (7.7%)	-0.50dB (10.9%)	[Shielding Box] [Power Supply] [Mobile Phone] [GPS] [Battery]
	0.25mm	-0.40dB (8.8%)	-0.63dB (13.5%)	-0.84dB (17.6%)	
	0.33mm	-0.90dB (18.7%)	-1.25dB (25.0%)	-1.56dB (30.2%)	
	0.60mm	-1.32dB (26.2%)	-1.49dB (28.9%)	-1.75dB (33.2%)	
	1.0mm	-1.70dB (32.7%)	-2.35dB (41.8%)	-3.04dB (50.3%)	
	1.5mm	-2.51dB (43.9%)	-3.32dB (53.4%)	-3.85dB (58.8%)	
	2.0mm	-3.31dB (53.3%)	-4.21dB (62.1%)	-4.66dB (65.8%)	
FAM3	0.25mm	-0.25dB (5.6%)	-0.57dB (12.3%)	-0.90dB (18.7%)	[IC] [NB] [NFC] [RFID tag/reader]
	0.50mm	-0.46dB (9.9%)	-0.88dB (18.3%)	-1.32dB (26.2%)	
	0.75mm	-0.97dB (20.0%)	-1.42dB (27.9%)	-2.20dB (39.7%)	
FAM5	0.05mm	-0.21dB (4.7%)	-0.50dB (11.0%)	-0.84dB (17.8%)	[Wireless Charger]
	0.10mm	-0.46dB (9.9%)	-0.88dB (18.3%)	-1.10dB (22.6%)	
	0.20mm	-0.62dB (13.4%)	-1.05dB (21.8%)	-1.40dB (27.4%)	
	0.30mm	-0.76dB (16.2%)	-1.20dB (24.2%)	-1.70dB (32.4%)	
	0.50mm	-1.10dB (22.6%)	-1.50dB (29.0%)	-2.30dB (40.9%)	

* Test result will vary when different application.

Tube Shape :

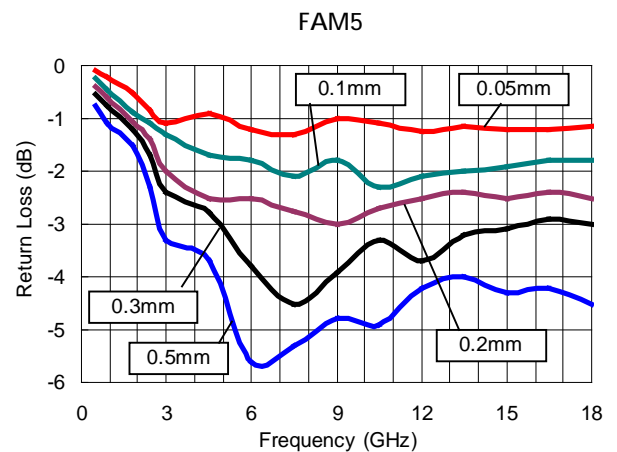
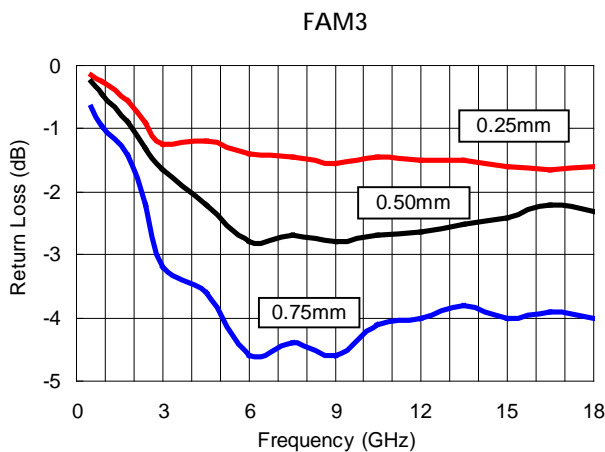
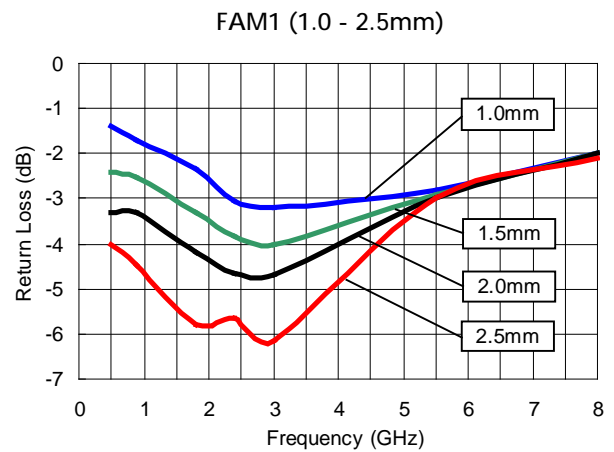
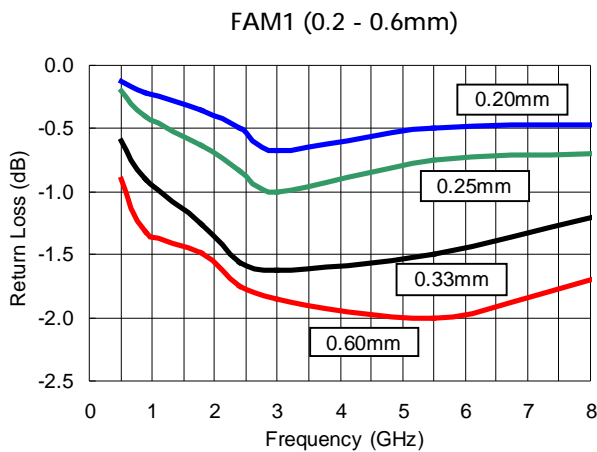


Item	FT0302	FT0504	FT0705	FT0906	FT1107	FT1309	FT1510
OD (mm)	3.0	5.0	7.0	9.0	11.0	13.0	15.0
ID (mm)	2.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	7.0	9.0	10.0

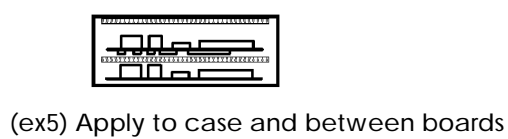
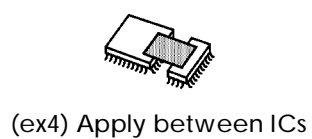
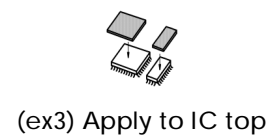
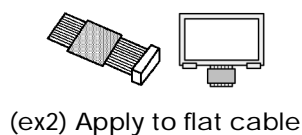
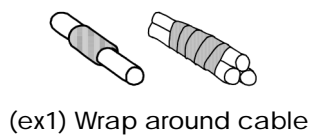
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Return Loss – Frequency :

Return Loss (dB)	0.5	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	20	30
Absorb Rate (%)	11	21	37	50	60	69	75	80	86	89	90	99	99.9

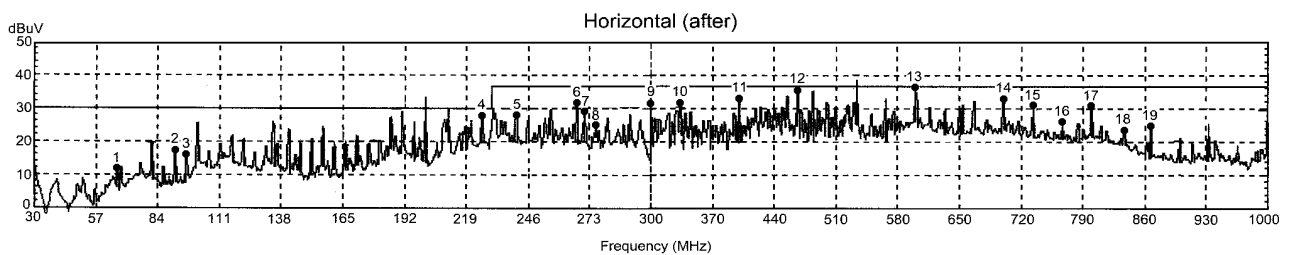
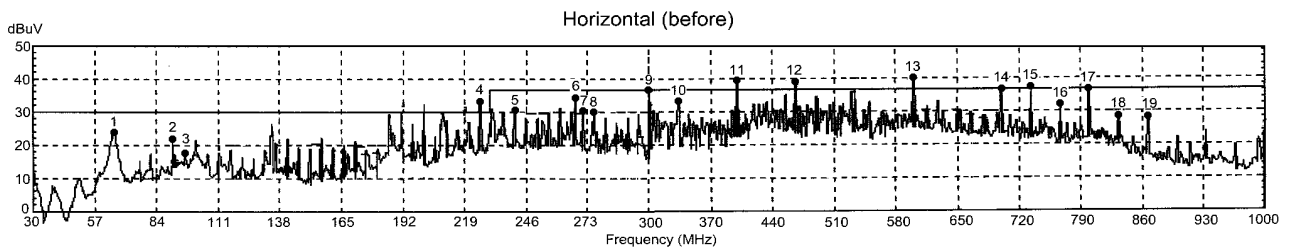


Examples for Sheet Shape :

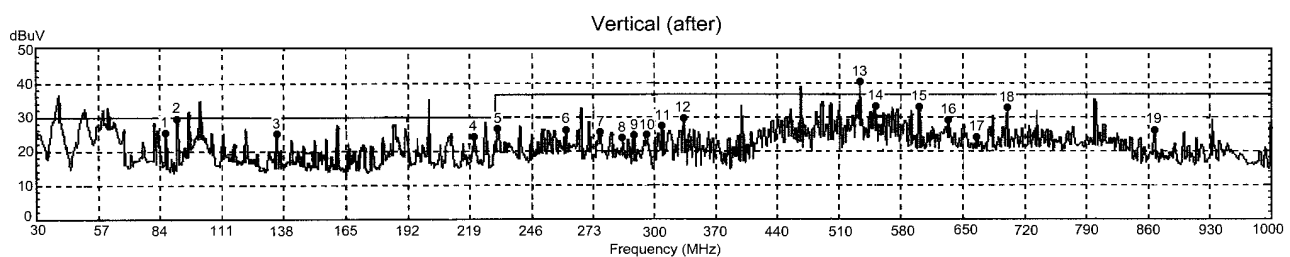
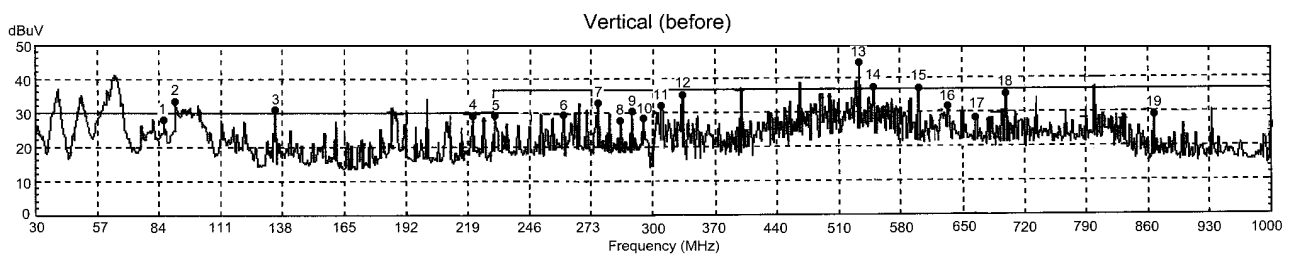


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Test Example : Notebook + FAM (before and after)



Horizontal	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Frequency (MHz)	65.1	91.7	96.3	225.6	241.0	267.2	270.7	275.7	300.0	334.0	399.0	466.0	600.0	700.0	733.0	767.0	800.0	833.0	867.0
before (dBuV)	23.8	21.6	18.9	32.7	30.1	33.5	30.2	29.7	36.4	34.3	39.9	38.9	40.2	36.8	37.0	31.6	35.6	27.9	27.6
after (dBuV)	12.0	16.9	15.4	27.1	28.0	31.2	27.5	24.7	31.1	31.2	32.9	36.9	36.6	32.7	30.5	25.9	30.7	23.0	24.6
Attenuation (dBuV)	11.8	4.7	3.5	5.6	2.1	2.3	2.7	5.0	5.3	3.1	7.0	2.0	3.6	4.1	6.5	5.7	4.9	4.9	3.0



Vertical	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Frequency (MHz)	86.7	91.3	134.5	221.3	230.6	261.0	275.3	285.7	290.7	295.4	309.0	333.0	534.0	550.0	633.0	665.0	701.0	709.0	866.0
before (dBuV)	28.0	33.1	30.4	28.2	28.8	28.8	32.3	27.3	30.2	28.4	31.7	34.5	43.8	36.7	36.3	30.9	28.0	34.9	28.7
after (dBuV)	25.1	29.0	24.9	22.8	26.2	25.8	25.3	23.9	25.8	24.7	26.8	29.6	40.6	33.3	32.7	27.8	24.1	32.4	25.9
Attenuation (dBuV)	2.9	4.1	5.5	5.4	2.6	3.0	7.0	3.4	4.4	3.7	4.9	4.9	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.1	3.9	2.5	2.8

Flexible Absorbent Material (FAM)

LF/HF RFID on-metal application :

When RFID tag or RFID reader/writer attached on metal surface, the read distance will become much shorter than expect. The traditional design is to increase the space between RFID antenna and metal but cause the RFID device with a big thickness. FAM can be a solution to improve the read distance for LF (125/134.2KHz) and HF (13.56MHz) bands. After insert FAM between RFID antenna and metal surface, the read distance can recover maximum 80% efficiency than the original distance with no metal. Due to FAM with small thickness, a slight figure can be designed easily than before.

FAQ :

Q1 : How to use FAM for a LF/HF RFID tag?

A1 : Attach FAM with antenna / inlay tightly and embed into any shape as you need. When the tag attached on metal surface, please use FAM side, not antenna side.

Q2 : How to use FAM for a LF/HF RFID reader/writer?

A2 : Insert FAM between reader's antenna area and circuit board tightly to get a compact design. When use the reader/writer, please don't use antenna side to attach the metal surface.

Q3 : Can I use FAM for a UHF RFID tag?

A3 : FAM only suitable for few UHF tags because various UHF tags with different antenna design and characteristics are huge different.

Q4 : How to choose FAM thickness?

A4 : FAM has standard thickness as page 2. You can test different thickness with your RFID device directly to compare which thickness can get the best distance. It's a fast and easy function to evaluate FAM.

Q5 : Why I can't get a good read distance after using FAM?

A5 : When FAM close RFID device, the inductance in LC circuit will increase and the response frequency will become lower. If your tag's frequency is far away reader's frequency, the read range will become shorter than before. In such a case, re-design the antenna to adjust L and C to get a reasonable response frequency will be the best function.

Q6 : What FAM dimension should I use?

A6 : When FAM cover the whole RFID antenna area can get the best performance.

Q7 : How is the performance if I assemble small piece FAM to cover the whole RFID antenna?

A7 : The performance will the same the whole piece FAM.

Q8 : Is there any different for FAM two sides?

A8 : FAM is a well mixed material with one single layer design so the two sides are the same.

Read Distance (Reference) :

ISO Card	no metal	on metal	FAM1								FAM3			FAM5				
			0.2 mm	0.25 mm	0.33 mm	0.6 mm	1.0 mm	1.5 mm	2.0 mm	2.5 mm	0.25 mm	0.50 mm	0.75 mm	0.05 mm	0.1 mm	0.2 mm	0.3 mm	0.5 mm
Icode2	11	0	5.5	6.5	6.5	8	7.5	7	7	7	6	6.5	7	4.5	8	7	6.5	6
TI 2048	14	0	4	5	5.5	9	7	7	6	6	4.5	8.5	9	5.5	7	7	5.5	5
EM4100	19	4.5	8	9	9.5	12	7.5	5	4	4	9.5	12	9	11	12	4	4	3

I The read distance unit is cm.

I Different reader will cause different read distance.